

Leadership and Management in Social Organizations:

1. Definitions:

- **Leadership:** the capacity to motivate and lead individuals or groups in accomplishing shared objectives.
- **Management:** planning, organizing, and coordinating resources to reach organizational goals.

2. Leadership in social organizations:

Social leaders inspire positive change with vision and empathy, employing valued transformational leadership that motivates and empowers their teams.

3. Managements in social organizations:

Social organizations succeed with efficient resources use, strategic planning, and strong structure. Effective project and program management are key for achieving their mission.

4. Balancing leadership and management:

Social leaders succeed by blending leadership and management skills, finding a balance between innovation and stability for sustainable growth.

5. Vision and mission alignment:

Leaders establish the vision, aligning it with the organization's mission, while managers ensure day-to-day operations align with broader goals.

6. Stakeholder engagement:

Social leaders focus on involving diverse stakeholders like communities, donors, and volunteers, while effective management ensures clear communication and accountability.

7. Adaptability and Innovation:

Leaders encourage adaptability and innovation to address evolving social challenges, and effective management ensures the efficient implementation of innovative solutions.

8. Empowering teams:

Leaders empower teams through collaboration and diverse perspectives, while management provides support and resources for team excellence.

9. Social impact measurement:

- _ Leaders highlight the importance of assessing and sharing social impact.
- _ Management tools help track and evaluate the effectiveness of social programs.

10. Ethical consideration:

Leaders and managers navigate ethical challenges, ensuring actions align with organizational values and societal expectations.